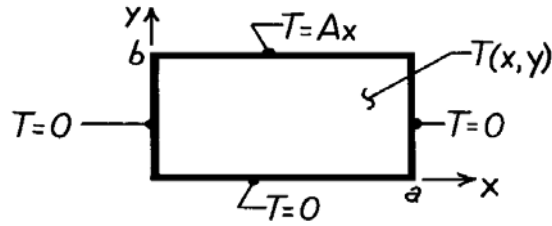


PROBLEM 4.4

KNOWN: Rectangular plate subjected to prescribed boundary conditions.

FIND: Steady-state temperature distribution.

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state, 2-D conduction, (2) Constant properties.

ANALYSIS: The solution follows the method of Section 4.2. The product solution is

$$T(x,y) = X(x) \cdot Y(y) = (C_1 \cos \lambda x + C_2 \sin \lambda x) (C_3 e^{-\lambda y} + C_4 e^{+\lambda y})$$

and the boundary conditions are: $T(0,y) = 0$, $T(a,y) = 0$, $T(x,0) = 0$, $T(x,b) = Ax$. Applying BC#1, $T(0,y) = 0$, find $C_1 = 0$. Applying BC#2, $T(a,y) = 0$, find that $\lambda = n\pi/a$ with $n = 1, 2, \dots$. Applying BC#3, $T(x,0) = 0$, find that $C_3 = -C_4$. Hence, the product solution is

$$T(x,y) = X(x) \cdot Y(y) = C_2 C_4 \sin \left[\frac{n\pi}{a} x \right] \left(e^{+\lambda y} - e^{-\lambda y} \right).$$

Combining constants and using superposition, find

$$T(x,y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \sin \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi y}{a} \right].$$

To evaluate C_n and satisfy BC#4, use orthogonal functions with Equation 4.16 to find

$$C_n = \int_0^a Ax \cdot \sin \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] \cdot dx / \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right] \int_0^a \sin^2 \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] dx,$$

noting that $y = b$. The numerator, denominator and C_n , respectively, are:

$$A \int_0^a x \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} \cdot dx = A \left[\left[\frac{a}{n\pi} \right]^2 \sin \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] - \frac{ax}{n\pi} \cos \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] \right]_0^a = \frac{Aa^2}{n\pi} [-\cos(n\pi)] = \frac{Aa^2}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1},$$

$$\sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right] \int_0^a \sin^2 \frac{n\pi x}{a} \cdot dx = \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right] \left[\frac{1}{2} x - \frac{a}{4n\pi} \sin \left[\frac{2n\pi x}{a} \right] \right]_0^a = \frac{a}{2} \cdot \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right],$$

$$C_n = \frac{Aa^2}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1} / \frac{a}{2} \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right] = 2Aa (-1)^{n+1} / n\pi \sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right].$$

Hence, the temperature distribution is

$$T(x,y) = \frac{2Aa}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \cdot \sin \left[\frac{n\pi x}{a} \right] \frac{\sinh \left[\frac{n\pi y}{a} \right]}{\sinh \left[\frac{n\pi b}{a} \right]}.$$

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