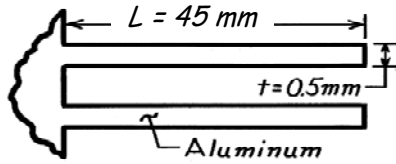


PROBLEM 3.155

KNOWN: Dimensions and number of rectangular aluminum fins. Convection coefficient with and without fins.

FIND: Percentage increase in heat transfer resulting from use of fins.

SCHEMATIC:



$$N = 250 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$w = \text{width}$

$$h_w = 30 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} \text{ (with fins)}$$

$$h_w = 45 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} \text{ (without fins)}$$

ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) One-dimensional conduction, (3) Constant properties, (4) Negligible radiation, (5) Negligible fin contact resistance, (6) Uniform convection coefficient.

PROPERTIES: Table A-1, Aluminum, pure: $k \approx 240 \text{ W/m} \cdot \text{K}$.

ANALYSIS: Evaluate the fin parameters

$$L_c = L + t/2 = 0.04525 \text{ m}$$

$$A_p = L_c t = 0.04525 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} = 22.63 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$$

$$L_c^{3/2} (h_w / k A_p)^{1/2} = (0.04525 \text{ m})^{3/2} \left[\frac{30 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}}{240 \text{ W/m} \cdot \text{K} \times 22.63 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$L_c^{3/2} (h_w / k A_p)^{1/2} = 0.715$$

It follows from Fig. 3.19 that $\eta_f \approx 0.75$. Hence,

$$q_f = \eta_f q_{\max} = 0.75 h_w 2wL \theta_b$$

$$q_f = 0.75 \times 30 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} \times 2 \times 0.05 \text{ m} \times (w \theta_b) = 2.25 \text{ W/m} \cdot \text{K} (w \theta_b)$$

With the fins, the heat transfer from the walls is

$$q_w = N q_f + (1 - Nt) w h_w \theta_b$$

$$q_w = 250 \times 2.25 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{K}} (w \theta_b) + (1 - 250 \times 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}) \times 30 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} (w \theta_b)$$

$$q_w = (563 + 26.3) \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{K}} (w \theta_b) = 589 w \theta_b.$$

Without the fins, $q_{w0} = h_{w0} 1 \text{ m} \times w \theta_b = 45 w \theta_b$. Hence the percentage increase in heat transfer is

$$\frac{q_w - q_{w0}}{q_{w0}} = \frac{(589 - 45) w \theta_b}{45 w \theta_b} = 12.09 = 1200\%$$

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COMMENTS: If the infinite fin approximation is made, it follows that $q_f = (h P k A_c)^{1/2} \theta_b = [h_w 2 w k w t]^{1/2} \theta_b = (30 \times 2 \times 240 \times 5 \times 10^{-4})^{1/2} w \theta_b = 2.68 w \theta_b$. Hence, q_f is overestimated.